Adaptec, Inc. 691 South Milpitas Blvd. Milpitas, CA 95035

Copyright © 1995, 1996, Adaptec, Inc. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written consent of Adaptec, Inc., 691 South Milpitas Blvd., Milpitas, CA 95035.

Adaptec, the Adaptec logo, AHA, EZ-SCSI, and SCSISelect are





AHA-1510B Installation Guide

Part Number: 511023-00, Rev. A Page 12 of 12

Print Spec Number: 494546-00

Current Date: 3/11/96

Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm

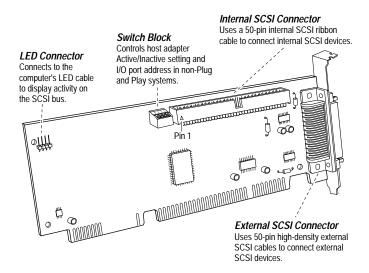
ECN Date: 3/19/96

Introduction

This installation guide provides the instructions needed to install and use your new SCSI host adapter. Once you have performed the simple installation steps listed on pages 2 through 5, your host adapter and SCSI devices are ready for operation.

We recommend that you keep this installation guide with your important computer documents. One of the benefits of SCSI is that you can connect as many as seven peripherals to your host adapter. If you are not connecting the full complement of seven peripherals during your initial installation, when the time comes to add another peripheral, this guide will help with that installation.

Also, this installation guide includes information on the Adaptec SCSISelect[™] configuration utility. After installation, you can use this utility to reconfigure your host adapter without having to reopen the computer or handle the card.



AHA-1510B Host Adapter

Contents

Installation and Setup		
Installation Steps 2 - 5		
Helpful Hints		
Using Your Host Adapter . 6		
Connecting to the LED Connector 6		
Setting Host Adapter Switches 7		
SCSISelect Utility		
Configuring the Host Adapter 7		
Starting the SCSI <i>Select</i> Utility 8		
SCSISelect Settings 9		
Need Assistance?		
Troubleshooting Checklist .10		
Common Problems and Solutions		

Page 1 of 12

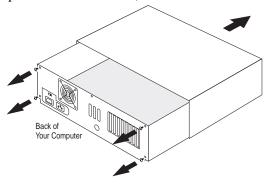
Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm AHA-1510B Installation Guide Part Number: 511023-00, Rev. A Print Spec Number: 494546-00 Current Date: 3/11/96

Installation and Setup

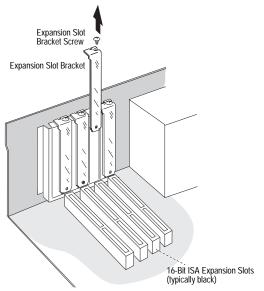


WARNING: Turn OFF power to the computer and disconnect the power cord.

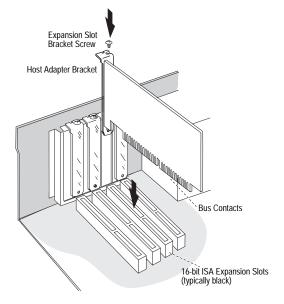
Step 1: Remove the cover from the computer case. (If necessary, refer to the instructions in your computer documentation.)



Step 2: Locate an unused 16-bit ISA expansion slot (this slot is typically black); unscrew and remove the expansion slot bracket that covers the card-slot opening.



Step 3: Insert the host adapter in the slot; press down firmly so that the bus contacts are securely seated in the slot. Secure it with the screw you removed in Step 2.

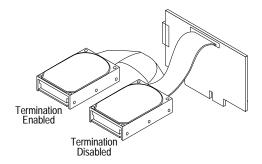


Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm ECN Date: 3/19/96

Step 4: Prepare each internal SCSI device for installation: (If you are installing external SCSI devices only, skip to Step 10.)

- Make sure all SCSI devices (internal and external) are assigned a unique SCSI ID from 0 to 6. Refer to the device's documentation for instructions on setting the SCSI ID.
- In Step 7, you will attach one of your internal devices to the end of the cable. Right now, install (or enable) terminators on that device. Also, remove (or disable) terminators on all devices that you plan to install in the middle of the cable.

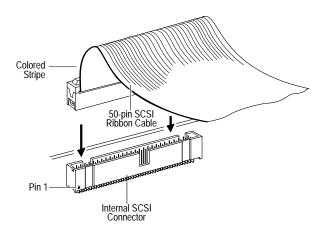
On most internal SCSI devices the termination setting is controlled by setting a jumper or a switch, or by physically removing or installing a resistor module(s). Refer to the device's documentation to determine how to enable or disable termination on your particular device.



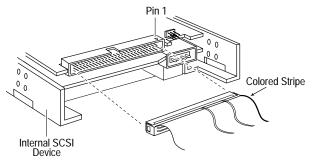
Step 5: Install and mount each internal SCSI device in an available drive bay inside your computer. (Refer to your computer and device documentation for instructions.)

Step 6: Plug one end of the internal SCSI cable into the host adapter's internal SCSI connector.

■ Make sure the colored stripe on one side of the cable is aligned with pin-1 of the host adapter's connector. Pin-1 of the connector is usually designated by a small triangle (♠), or a "1" on the connector. The host adapter's internal connector is also keyed to ensure the cable is not plugged in backwards.



Step 7: Plug the other end of the cable into the last internal device (this device must be terminated, see Step 4).



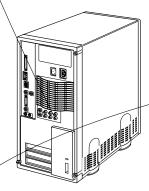
Page 3 of 12

AHA-1510B Installation Guide

File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm

AHA-1510B Installation Guide
Part Number: 511023-00, Rev. A Page 4 of 12
Print Spec Number: 494546-00
Current Date: 3/11/96
Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm
File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm
ECN Date: 3/19/96

Step 12: Connect other external SCSI devices by daisy-chaining each device to the previous device until all external SCSI devices have been connected. (The device at the end of the chain must have a terminating plug installed.)



Step 13: Reinstall your computer cover and connect all power cables; turn ON your computer.

Step 14: Install the appropriate host adapter software driver for your operating system:

■ DOS and Windows® 3.x: Because drivers for DOS and Windows 3.x are not embedded in the operating system, you must load them yourself. If your host adapter came bundled with Adaptec EZ-SCSI® software, see the EZ-SCSI software documentation for installation instructions. If you wish to purchase EZ-SCSI, you can call Adaptec to order directly.

If you purchased your host adapter as part of a bundle created by a third party, you can use the drivers they provide. Please refer to the documentation provided by the third party or contact them directly for installation instructions.

- Windows® 95: Windows 95 has embedded driver support for your host adapter. When you start Windows 95, the host adapter is detected and the appropriate driver is automatically installed. To take advantage of various productivity tools and accessories, you should also install Adaptec EZ-SCSI software. See the EZ-SCSI software documentation for installation instructions.
- NetWare, OS/2, Windows NTTM, and UNIX: The most current versions of these operating systems have embedded driver support for your host adapter as part of their installation software. For instructions on installing embedded driver support, see the operating system documentation.

Congratulations! Installation of your host adapter is complete. For useful information on using your host adapter, refer to *Helpful Hints* on page 6. For instructions on using the SCSI*Select* configuration utility, refer to *SCSISelect Utility* on page 7. If you need further help, refer to *Need Assistance?* on page 10.8 erminating Plug

Page 5 of 12

Print Spec Number: 494546-00 Current Date: 3/11/96 Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm

Helpful Hints

Using Your Host Adapter

Once your host adapter is installed, you can refer to this section for useful information on using your host adapter.

- You may need to install the manufacturer's proprietary device drivers if you use SCSI devices other than hard disk drives and CD-ROM drives. (See your device's documentation.)
- For all SCSI devices connected to the host adapter, make sure to use high-quality SCSI cables to ensure reliable data transfer.
- When one or more Fast SCSI devices are connected to the host adapter, the combined length of all cables (internal and external) must not exceed 3 meters (9.8 feet) to ensure reliable operation. If no Fast SCSI devices are connected, the combined length of all cables must not exceed 6 meters (19.7 feet). See your device's documentation to determine if it is a Fast SCSI device.
- AutoMatically (SCAM) protocol, which assigns SCSI IDs dynamically and resolves SCSI ID conflicts automatically at bootup. To enable or disable SCAM support, see *Advanced Host Adapter Settings* on page 9. If your system includes SCSI disk drives or other devices that support SCAM, when SCAM is enabled you do not need to manually assign SCSI IDs to these devices. Most SCSI devices currently in use, however, do not support SCAM and must have the SCSI ID set manually.

Hard Disk Drives

Every hard disk must be physically low-level formatted, partitioned, and logically formatted before it can be used to store data. SCSI hard disks are physically formatted at the factory and should not need to be physically formatted again.

If you connected a new hard disk drive to your host adapter, you must partition and logically format the drive. For DOS and Windows (3.x and 95) use the DOS Fdisk and Format commands (see your computer and DOS documentation). For other operating systems, see your operating system documentation.

- If both SCSI and non-SCSI (e.g., IDE) disk drives are installed, then the non-SCSI disk drive is always the boot device.
- Because the host adapter does not have a BIOS, the computer cannot boot from a SCSI hard disk connected to the host adapter.

Multiple Host Adapters

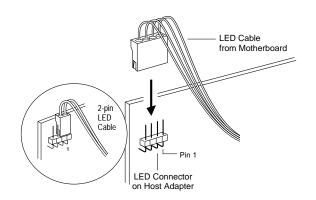
- Multiple SCSI host adapters can be installed in your computer; you are limited only by the available system resources (e.g., I/O port and IRQ channel).
- Each host adapter you install forms a separate SCSI bus with a different set of SCSI devices. SCSI IDs can be reused as long as the ID is assigned to a device on a different host adapter (e.g., each host adapter can have a device with SCSI ID 0).

Connecting to the LED Connector

(*Optional*) Most computers have an LED disk activity light on the front panel. If you disconnect the cable from the LED connector on the motherboard and connect it to the LED connector on the host adapter, the LED on the front panel of the computer will light whenever there is activity on the SCSI bus.



Note: If you are using non-SCSI disk drives (e.g., IDE), you may not want to connect your computer's LED to the host adapter, since the LED will no longer indicate non-SCSI disk activity.



Page 6 of 12

Number: 5.11023-00, Kev. A Fag 1. Spec Number: 494546-00 ent Date: 3/11/96 Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm

Setting Host Adapter Switches

The switch block on your host adapter is factory set to work in a Plug and Play system. Since resources in a Plug and Play system are assigned automatically, you should not have to change these settings.

If your system is not Plug and Play, you may have to change the I/O port address and Active/Inactive settings. The table below lists all possible settings on the switch block.



Host Adapter Active/Inactive	sw1	sw2	sw3
Active	Off	Off	Off
Inactive ¹	Off	On	On
Reserved	All Other Switch Settings		
Host Adapter I/O Port Address		sw4	
340-35F		Off	
140-15F		On	
(0 000			

⁽Open = Off)

- Host Adapter Active/Inactive—If your system has a Plug and Play operating system but does not have a Plug and Play motherboard BIOS, you should choose Inactive; otherwise, choose Active.
- Host Adapter I/O Port Address—If your system is Plug and Play, the I/O port address is set automatically. If your system is not Plug and Play, you should choose an I/O address range that does not conflict with the I/O address range of another device installed in your system.

SCSISelect Utility

Configuring the Host Adapter

The SCSISelect configuration utility allows you to change host adapter and SCSI settings without having to open the computer or handle the board. SCSISelect also contains utilities that allow you to low-level format or verify the disk media of your SCSI hard disk drives.

The SCSISelect settings are listed in the table below. If you want to view and/or change the current settings, or if you would like to format or verify a disk, see Starting the SCSISelect Utility on page 8. Detailed descriptions of each setting begin on page 9.

Basic Host Adapter Settings
Host Adapter Interrupt (IRQ) Channel
Host Adapter SCSI ID
SCSI Parity Checking
Host Adapter SCSI Termination
SCSI Device Settings
Initiate Sync Negotiation
Maximum Sync Transfer Rate
Enable Disconnection
Advanced Host Adapter Settings
ISA Plug and Play Support
Plug and Play SCAM Support

Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm

¹ Do not use this setting in Legacy/Non-Plug and Play systems.

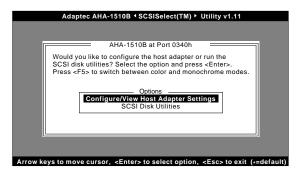
Starting the SCSISelect Utility

SCSISelect is provided on a bootable diskette. To run, simply insert the diskette in a bootable floppy drive and boot your system. Save this diskette. You may need to run SCSISelect in the future.



Note: The SCSI*Select* utility is an executable file named *1510cfg.exe* on the diskette. If you cannot boot from this diskette for whatever reason, but you can run DOS on your system, you can run SCSI*Select* by executing this file under DOS.

The first menu that appears displays the options Configure/View Host Adapter Settings and SCSI Disk Utilities.



Using SCSISelect Menus

SCSISelect uses menus to list options you can select. To select an option, use the \uparrow and \downarrow keys to move the cursor to the option, then press **Enter**.

In some cases, selecting an option displays another menu. You can return to the previous menu at any time by pressing Esc. To restore the original SCSISelect default values, press F6. To toggle the display between color and monochrome modes, press F5 (this feature may not work on all monitors).

Exiting SCSISelect

To exit SCSISelect, press **Esc** until a message prompts you to exit (if you changed any host adapter settings, you are prompted to save the changes before you exit). At the prompt, select **Yes** to exit, then press any key to reboot the computer. Any changes you made in SCSISelect take effect after the computer boots. (Be sure to eject the floppy before you re-boot.)

Using the SCSI Disk Utilities

To access the SCSI disk utilities, select the **SCSI Disk Utilities** option from the menu that appears after starting SCSI*Select*. Once the option is selected, SCSI*Select* immediately scans the SCSI bus (to determine the devices installed) and displays a list of all SCSI IDs and the devices assigned to each ID.

When you select a specific ID and device, a small menu appears, displaying the options Format Disk and Verify Disk Media.

■ Format Disk—This utility allows you to perform a low-level format on a hard disk drive. Each hard disk drive must be low-level formatted before you can use your operating system's partitioning and file preparation commands, such as MS-DOS Fdisk and Format.

Most SCSI disk devices are preformatted at the factory and do not need to be formatted again. The Adaptec Format Disk utility is compatible with the vast majority of SCSI disk drives.



Caution: A low-level format destroys all data on the drive. Be sure to back up your data before performing this operation. You *cannot* abort a low-level format once it is started.

Verify Disk Media—This utility allows you to scan the media of a hard disk drive for defects. If the utility finds bad blocks on the media, it prompts you to reassign them; if you select yes, those blocks are no longer used. You can press Esc at any time to abort the utility. Page 8 of 12

Print Spec Number: 494546-00 Current Date: 3/11/96 Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm

Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm

SCSISelect Settings

Basic Host Adapter Settings TheARevAA AA Bas(e)17:

AHA-1510B Installation Guide
Part Number: 511023-00, Rev. A Page 9
Print Spec Number: 494546-00
Current Date: 3/11/96
Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm
File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm
ECN Date: 3/19/96

Need Assistance?

Troubleshooting Checklist

Most problems that occur with your host adapter result from errors in preparing and connecting devices on the SCSI bus. If you have problems when using your host adapter, check these items first.

- Are all SCSI devices powered?
- Are all SCSI bus cables and power cables properly connected?
- Is the host adapter firmly seated and secured in an expansion slot?
- Is pin-1 orientation maintained throughout the SCSI bus? (See Step 6 on page 3.)
- Do the host adapter and all devices on the SCSI bus have unique SCSI IDs? (See Step 4 on page 3, and Step 10 on page 4.)
- Are all devices on the SCSI bus terminated properly? (See Step 4 on page 3, and Step 10 on page 4.)
- Is parity checking consistently enabled or disabled on all devices (including the host adapter) on the SCSI bus? (See Basic Host Adapter Settings on page 9.)

If you still have problems after checking the above items, continue with the following sections.

Common Problems and Solutions

The system works erratically. It hangs or the host adapter sometimes cannot find the drives.

Check cable length and integrity. If one or more Fast SCSI devices are installed, the total length of all cables (internal and external) connected to the host adapter should not exceed 3 meters (9.8 feet). If no Fast SCSI devices are connected, the total length of all cables should not exceed 6 meters (19.7 feet).

I have both a Soundblaster card with a SCSI controller embedded on it, and an AHA-1510B installed in the same computer. Am I going to experience any resource conflicts?

The AHA-1510B and the SCSI controller on the Sound-blaster card are typically both set, by default, to use I/O port address 340 and IRQ 11. In addition, the Sound-blaster card may also use DMA channel 5 and I/O port address 330 for its Midi port. To avoid resource conflicts, make sure to change the settings on one of the cards.

When trying to run the Format/Verify SCSI disk utility in SCSI Select, I get an Unexpected SCSI Command Failure pop-up box with error information.

The utility probably encountered a problem with the disk device or the media and therefore cannot run. You can determine from the Sense Key information (e.g., 06h - Unit Attention) both the cause of the problem and its solution. Here are some of the more common Sense Key values and their meanings:

- 02h Not ready—The media is not ready to format.
 Be sure that media is inserted in the drive and that the media is spun up.
- 03h Medium error—The disk media may be defective. If it is a removable-media drive, try using a different disk media. If it is a fixed disk drive, the disk may be physically damaged. Verify and format the media with SCSISelect.
- 04h Hardware error—The disk drive may be defective. Consult the hardware documentation and contact the manufacturer.
- 05h Illegal request—The Adaptec formatting utility does not support a low-level format of this device; however, the device may already be low-level formatted by the manufacturer. (This error rarely occurs.)
- 06h Unit attention—The removable media may be write-protected. Disable write protection and run the utility again.

. A Page 10 of 12

Current Date: 3/11/96 Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm I have some older SCSI-1 devices installed and my computer is operating erratically or hangs.

Try changing the following SCSI device settings in SCSISelect for your older SCSI-1 device: Set Initiate Sync Negotiation to No; Set the Maximum Sync Transfer Rate to **5.0**.

One of the SCSI devices on my computer does not allow me to disable termination. How can I install it on the SCSI bus? If it is an external SCSI device, install the device as the last device of the external daisy chain. If it is an internal SCSI device, install the device at the end of the internal SCSI cable.

The screen is difficult to read when I run the SCSI Select utility. Press F5 to toggle the display between color and monochrome modes. This may make it easier for you to read the screen.

I cannot use my host adapter in a non-Plug and Play system. Check for possible resource conflicts between the host adapter and other cards installed in your computer; the cards may have conflicting I/O port address and IRQ settings. Try changing these settings on the host adapter one at a time to isolate the conflict.

I cannot use my host adapter in a Plug and Play System Try setting ISA Plug and Play Support to **Disable** in the Advanced Configuration Options of SCSISelect. Your host adapter is now a Legacy card, and you must configure it manually with the DIP switches and SCSISelect.

П

FCC Compliance Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in residential installations. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television equipment reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Move the equipment away from the receiver
- Plug the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is powered
- If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions

CAUTION: Only equipment certified to comply with Class B (computer input/output devices, terminals, printers, etc.) should be attached to this equipment, and must have shielded interface cables.

Finally, any changes or modifications to the equipment by the user not expressly approved by the grantee or manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate such equipment.

Each host adapter is equipped with an FCC compliance label which shows only the FCC Identification number. The full text of the associated label follows:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Last Modified: March 11, 1996 12:57 pm File Location: n:\suz\1510b\1510bnug.fm Part Number: 511023-00, Rev. A Print Spec Number: 494546-00 Current Date: 3/11/96